PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

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Pajaro Valley Fire Protection District Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Pajaro Valley Fire Protection District Watsonville, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the Pajaro Valley Fire Protection District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the District as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons listed as part of the basic financial statements in the Table of Contents for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management's for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplementary Information, as listed in the Table of Contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's June 30, 2022 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on those audited financial statements in our report dated January 12, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Maze & Associator

Pleasant Hill, California February 27, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023

The District provides fire protection services to the land and areas covered by the former Freedom Fire Protection District and the Salsipuedes Fire Protection District.

Description of the Basic Financial Statements

The financial statements consist of the following parts: Management's discussion and analysis; the basic financial statements; government-wide and government fund financial statements; notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The basic government-wide and governmental fund financial statements present the financial results on the different methods of accounting. Included in the financial statements are reconciliations that explain the difference between the two methods.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resource focus. The required financial statements are: Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of weather the long-term financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information on how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of when cash is paid or received.

Governmental Funds financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resource focus. The required financial statements are: Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The Balance Sheet shows only assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities are included. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances in Fund Balances reports revenues for which cash has been received during the year or soon after the end of the year.

The Government-Wide and Governmental Funds financial statements show the results of the following funds:

General Fund – Most of the District's basic services are accounted for in this fund.

Capital Projects Fund- The District uses the Capital Projects fund to accumulate funds for and accounting for the purchase/constructing of Structures & improvements and equipment. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District transferred \$150,655 and \$12,000 respectively, into the Capital Projects Fund. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District expended \$-0-, respectively, out of the Capital Projects Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023

Condensed Government-Wide Financial Data

	 2023	 2022
Current assets	\$ 1,918,966	\$ 2,259,311
Stations and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	2,147,221	1,510,744
Deferred outflows of resources	 16,964	 78,257
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,083,151	\$ 3,848,312
Current liabilities	\$ 2,910	\$ 91,242
Non current liabilities	 266,969	 (275,206)
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	 269,879	 (183,964)
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,147,221	1,510,744
Unrestricted	 1,666,051	 2,521,532
Total net position	 3,813,272	 4,032,276
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 4,083,151	\$ 3,848,312
	 2023	 2022
Expenditures, net of program revenue	\$ 2,578,151	\$ 1,079,133
General Revenue		
Property tax	2,175,635	2,059,723
Fire suppression benefits assessment	140,417	140,656
Use of money and property (interest income)	33,153	7,633
Aid from other government agencies	 9,942	 9,929
Change in net position	\$ (219,004)	\$ 1,138,808

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position decreased for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 by \$219,004 or 5% to a total of \$3,813,272. In 2022 net position increased by \$1,138,808 or 39% to a total of \$4,032,276. Of the \$3,813,272 in the net position as of June 30, 2023, \$2,147,221 are invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation).

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental fund balances decreased for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 by \$340,125 or 15% to the total of \$1,916,056. In 2022 governmental fund balances increased by \$259,750 or 13% to a total of \$2,256,181. The main reasons for the difference between the change in the District net position and the change in fund balances for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, is the difference in accounting for capital asset additions/depreciation and pension asset/liability.

Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the following highlights occurred:

- 1. Continued staffing three-person engine company 24 hours a day.
- 2. Continued sharing the cost of the Fire Captain position in the fire Marshal's office with the Santa Cruz County Fire Department. The agreement is a 50/50 match, which resulted in a 50% reduction to the District.
- 3. The District paid in full the lease agreement to purchase a new Type I Fire Engine.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2023, the District had invested \$3,862,872 in a broad range of capital assets including structures and improvements, and equipment. The District leases the land that the fire station is located on. Major capital asset additions include:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Facility Improvements	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Total major capital asset additions		
mobile equipment replacement	\$ 155,649	\$ 102,445

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023

Long – Term Debt

As of June 30, 2023, the District paid off its capital lease in full. As of June 30, 2023, the District has no other long-term debt.

GASB 68 Net Pension Asset and Related Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District had \$266,969 and (\$-750,550), respectively in net pension liability/(asset). As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District had \$16,964 and \$78,257, respectively in deferred outflows of resources and \$-0- and \$-0-, respectively in deferred inflows of resources.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The District's main source of revenue is property taxes. The District expects property tax revenue to increase 4% for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, as recommend by the Santa Cruz County Auditor/Controller.

The District anticipates about a 25% increase in the Cooperative Services Agreement with CAL FIRE. The reason for the increase is due to an increase in the benefit rate, administrative fee and salary increases.

CAL FIRE's bargaining unit is also negotiating a shortened workweek for Firefighters which would result in the need to hire additional personnel to meet current staffing levels. The District is currently conducting a Proposition 218 Benefit Assessment election to account for this increase in salary and benefits. If the assessment does not pass, the District will see no change in the CAL FIRE contract, but there will be a reduction in staffing.

Capital Outlay: The District has budgeted \$100,000 for building and improvements and \$414,598 for mobile equipment replacement. Funding is from \$355,943 fund balance as of June 30, 2023, projected \$8000 of interest income, and a transfer \$150,655 into the Mobile Equipment Replacement account.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

These financial statements are designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. If you have questions about these financial statements or need additional financial information, contact the District office at 562 Casserly road, Watsonville, California 95076, telephone number (831) 722-6188.

Basic Financial Statements

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Assets		
Cash in County Treasury		
Santa Cruz County	\$ 1,918,966	\$ 1,612,603
Restricted Cash		646,708
Total Current Assets	1,918,966	2,259,311
Station and Equipment		
Structures and Improvements	2,378,099	2,385,818
Equipment	1,803,623	1,477,054
Total Station and Equipment	4,181,722	3,862,872
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,034,501)	(2,352,128)
Station and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	2,147,221	1,510,744
Total Assets	4,066,187	3,770,055
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred Pension - Actuarial	16,964	78,257
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 4,083,151	\$ 3,848,312
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,910	\$ 3,130
Current portion of Lease Payable	-	88,112
Total Current Liabilities	2,910	91,242
Non Current Liabilities		
Non Current portion of Lease Payable	-	475,344
Net Pension (Asset) Liability	266,969	(750,550)
Total Non Current Liabilities	266,969	(275,206)
Total Liabilities	269,879	(183,964)
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,147,221	1,510,744
Unrestricted))-
General Fund	1,666,051	2,521,532
Total Net Position	3,813,272	4,032,276
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources		
and Net Position	\$ 4,083,151	\$ 3,848,312

See accompanying notes to financial statements

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Summarized Totals for the year ended June 30, 2022)

			Program Revenues								
			Cha	arges for	Strike Team Operating						
				8,5			nts and		tals		
	Ez	penditures	(Pla	n Check)	Reim	oursements	Contr	ibutions	 2023		2022
Expenditures											
Fire Protection											
Salaries and Benefits	\$	18,452	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,452	\$	79,705
Pension Expense (GASB 68)		1,078,812		-		-		-	1,078,812		(855,399)
Services and Supplies		1,431,893		39,378		76,151		-	1,316,364		1,741,181
Contributions to Other Agencies		8,073		-		-		-	8,073		2,534
Depreciation		132,609		-		-		-	132,609		
Interest expense		23,841		-		-		-	 23,841		111,112
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,693,680	\$	39,378	\$	76,151	\$	-	 2,578,151		1,079,133
General Revenues											
Property Tax									2,175,635		2,059,723
Fire Suppression Benefit Assessment									140,417		140,656
Use of Money and Property									33,153		7,633
Agencies											
State Homeowners Property											
Tax Relief									 9,942		9,929
Total General Revenues									 2,359,147		2,217,941
Change in Net Position									(219,004)		1,138,808
Net Position, Beginning									 4,032,276		2,893,468
Net Position, Ending									\$ 3,813,272	\$	4,032,276
		a									

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

With Summarized Totals at June 30, 2022

	Governmental Fund Types					Total			
		General		Capital Projects		2023		2022	
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash	\$	980,358	\$	938,608 -	\$	1,918,966 -	\$	1,612,603 646,708	
Total Assets	\$	980,358	\$	938,608	\$	1,918,966	\$	2,259,311	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	2,910	\$	-	\$	2,910	\$	3,130	
Total Liabilities		2,910		-		2,910		3,130	
FUND BALANCES									
Assigned Fund Balance									
Equipment and Facility Replacement Committed		-		938,608		938,608		910,056	
Fire Truck Lease		-		-		-		646,708	
Unassigned									
Unreserved, Undesignated		977,448		-		977,448		699,417	
Total Fund Balance		977,448		938,608		1,916,056		2,256,181	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	980,358	\$	938,608	\$	1,918,966	\$	2,259,311	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2022)

	 2023	 2022
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,916,056	\$ 2,256,181
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:		
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds.		
Total Historical Cost of Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	4,181,722 (2,034,501)	3,862,872 (2,352,128)
Deferred outflow of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred Pension - Actuarial	16,964	78,257
Other liabilities, pension liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position are reported in governmental funds.		
Net Pension Liability	(266,969)	750,550
Deferred inflow of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred Pension - Actuarial	-	-
Long-term liabilities, including lease payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Long-Term Lease Payable	 -	 (563,456)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,813,272	\$ 4,032,276

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Summarized Totals for the Year Ended 2022)

		Capital	То	otal
	General	Projects	2023	2022
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 2,175,635	\$ -	\$ 2,175,635	\$2,059,723
Other taxes	140,417	-	140,417	140,656
Use of money and property	16,601	16,552	33,153	7,633
Aid from other government agencies	9,942	-	9,942	9,929
Charges for current services	39,378	-	39,378	104,909
Other revenue	76,151	-	76,151	57,757
Total Revenues	2,458,124	16,552	2,474,676	2,380,607
EXPENDITURES:				
Salaries and employee benefits	18,452	-	18,452	79,705
Services and supplies	2,110,467	-	2,110,467	1,926,882
Small assets	90,512	-	90,512	111,736
Other charges	8,073	-	8,073	2,534
Debt service - principal	563,456	-	563,456	-
Debt service - interest	23,841	<u> </u>	23,841	
Total Expenditures	2,814,801		2,814,801	2,120,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(356,677)	16,552	(340,125)	259,750
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (Uses)				
Transfer in	-	12,000	12,000	-
Transfer out	(12,000)		(12,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(12,000)	12,000		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(368,677)	28,552	(340,125)	259,750
Fund Balance, Beginning	1,346,125	910,056	2,256,181	1,996,431
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 977,448	\$ 938,608	\$ 1,916,056	\$ 2,256,181

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2023		2022
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(340,125)	\$	259,750
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:				
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period	1.			
Current year capital outlays		788,805		155,649
Less: current year retirements		(19,719)		(104,130)
Less: current year depreciation expense		(132,609)		(111,112)
Payment of lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it	red	uces		
the lease payable on the Statement of Net Position.		563,456		-
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.	s			
Net pension income/(expense)		(1,078,812)		855,399
Lease income/(expense)		-		83,252
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(219,004)	\$	1,138,808
Change in two i ostion of Oovernmental Activities	φ	(219,004)	φ	1,130,000

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

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NOTE 1 – GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Organization

The Pajaro Valley Fire Protection Agency was a Joint Powers Agency ("JPA") formed in September 1993 consisting of two members: Freedom Fire Protection District and Salsipuedes Fire Protection District. Effective July 1, 1995, the JPA was dissolved and Pajaro Valley Fire Protection District was formed to consolidate the Freedom Fire Protection District and the Salsipuedes Fire Protection District, under the authority of Section 56000 et seq of the California Government Code. The District operates under the provisions of the Fire Protection District Law of 1987, beginning with Health and Safety Code Section 13800, and provides fire protection services to the land areas covered by the former Freedom Fire Protection District and the Salsipuedes Fire Protection District.

The District has reviewed criteria to determine whether other entities with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether it exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters). The District has determined that no outside entity meets the above criteria, and therefore, no agency has been included as a component unit in the District's financial statements. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity that would exercise such oversight responsibility that would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

B. District Officials

The District is governed by a board of five elected directors. The following were in office at June 30, 2023:

	Term Expires December
Dave Martone, Chairperson	2024
Robert Erbe, Vice Chairperson	2024
Aerin Murphy, Director	2024
Jonathon Kolodinski, Director	2026
John Sampson, Director	2026

Sean Murray was the Battalion Chief at June 30, 2023.

The District entered into an agreement with the State of California ("State") whereby the District will pay the State for fire protection services in an amount to be budgeted on an annual basis. The agreement is from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2024. Under the terms of the agreement, either party may terminate the agreement with or without cause by giving a one year written notice.

Under the terms of the agreement, the District maintains the burden of the cost of operating and maintaining equipment and property under its ownership. In addition, the District is to maintain commercial insurance providing at least \$1,000,000 of general liability coverage at a combined single limit per occurrence.

NOTE 1 – GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

In addition to the above contract with CAL FIRE, and in order to assure response to fire calls in borderline areas of the District, the District has entered into the following agreements:

Fire protection services

With the City of Watsonville.

Accounting records

The official accounting records of the District are maintained in the office of the County of Santa Cruz Auditor/Controller. Supporting documents are maintained by the District.

Minutes

Minutes were recorded for meetings and contained approvals for disbursements.

Budgetary procedure

The District prepares a fiscal year budget in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The District's total General Fund and Capital Projects Fund expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023 were under budget.

Appropriations limit

In accordance with the California Constitution, the District has adopted an appropriations limit for the fiscal year 2022/2023.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basic of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accounting policies of the District conform to GAAP in the United States for local governmental units.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are summarized by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which include its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. The District uses a chart of accounts based on the uniform accounting system prescribed by the State Controller.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Adoption of New Guidance

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The provisions of this Statement were implemented during fiscal year 2023. The implementation had no effect on the financial statements.

C. Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The District's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities and changes in net position. These statements present summaries of governmental activities for the District.

The basic Government-Wide Financial Statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the District's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, including capital assets, and long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The statement of activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, and expenditures are recognized in the period the liability is incurred.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

The District's Government Funds Financial Statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements of net position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year end) are recognized when due. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds financial statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the different measurement focus and basis of accounting.

The District's governmental fund balance is classified in the following categories:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> Includes amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- <u>Restricted</u> Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally, or through enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.
- <u>Assigned</u> Includes amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

The District's governmental-wide net position is classified in the following categories:

- Net investment in capital assets Includes amount of the net position that is invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and any related debt.
- Restricted Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, external resource providers, constitutionally, or through enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Includes amounts that are technically available for any purpose and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications.

D. Property Tax Revenue

The County of Santa Cruz assesses properties, bills, and collects property taxes for the District. Assessed values are determined annually by the County Assessor as of March 1, and become a lien on real property as of that date. Taxes are due November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. The County bills and collects property taxes whereby all local agencies including special districts, receive from the County their respective share of the amount of ad valorem taxes collected.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Cash in County Treasury

The District's cash is held in the Santa Cruz County ("County") Treasury Pool, which is not rated by national credit rating agencies. The County Treasurer pools cash with other County and Special District funds and invests to maximize income consistent with safe and prudent investment practices within the guidelines of the County's investment pool. The County routinely reviews its investment policy. The estimated fair value of investments in the pool is based on quoted market prices. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The value of the pool shares may be withdrawn at any time based on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the District's position in the pool. Information regarding the investments within the pool, including related risks, can be found in the County of Santa Cruz's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As of June 30, 2023, the District had balances held by the County of \$1,918,996. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed to the participating funds monthly using a formula based on the average daily cash balance of each fund. Interest earned through June 30, 2023 was distributed on June 30, 2023.

F. Accounts Receivable

All accounts receivable, if any, are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible accounts. All receivables which have been remitted within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year end are considered measurable and available and recognized as income in the Government-Fund Financial Statements.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and government fund financial statements, as applicable.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, and equipment, are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The District has set up capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets as follows:

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Structures	\$3,000	30 – 40 years
Equipment	\$1,000	3-15 years

Depreciation is recorded on the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District currently has one item which qualifies for reporting as deferred outflows of resource; related to GASB 68 pension accounting and is reported on the Government-Wide Financial Statement.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources, represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The District currently has one item which qualifies for reporting as deferred inflows of resource; related to GASB 68 pension accounting and is reported on the Government-Wide Financial Statement.

J. District Special Expense

Because fire hose couplings and nozzles are peculiar to fire districts, the manual of the State Controller provides that purchases of such items be charged to the expense account "District Special Expense."

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Lease

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment.

As of June 30, 2023, the District does not have any leases that are required to be recorded.

M. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

A Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITAS) is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets as specified in a contract for a period in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

As of June 30, 2023, the District does not have any SBITAs that are required to be recorded.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Prior Year Totals

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, from which the summarized information was derived.

O. Subsequent Events

The District's management has evaluated additional events and transactions subsequent to June 30, 2023, for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 27, 2024, the date the financial statements became available to be issued.

NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN STATION AND EQUIPMENT

	Balance June 30, 2021		Additions/ Adjustments		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2022	
Station and Improvements	\$	2,385,818	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,385,818
Equipment		1,426,068		155,649		(104,663)		1,477,054
Total		3,811,886		155,649		(104,663)		3,862,872
Accumulated depreciated		(2,241,549)		(111,112)		533		(2,352,128)
Total, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	1,570,337	\$	44,537	\$	(104,130)	\$	1,510,744
	Balance June 30, 2022		Additions/ Adjustments		Deletions and Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2023	
Station and Improvements	\$	2,385,818	\$	12,000	\$	(19,719)	\$	2,378,099
Equipment		1,477,054		776,805		(450,236)		1,803,623
Total		3,862,872		788,805		(469,955)		4,181,722
Accumulated depreciated		(2,352,128)		(132,609)		450,236		(2,034,501)
Total, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	1,510,744	\$	656,196	\$	(19,719)	\$	2,147,221

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

A. Workers' Compensation Coverage

The District is a member of the Santa Cruz County Fire Agencies Insurance Group ("Group"). In a board meeting on June 19, 2002, the Group approved the return of its self-insurance certificates to the State and to accept a proposal from California Public Entity Insurance Authority (CPEIA) a joint powers authority for both primary and excess workers compensation coverage. In a resolution dated September 20, 2007, the Santa Cruz County Fire Agencies Insurance Group's Board of Directors opted to terminate the CPEIA joint power agreement and merge into the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) Joint Power Agreement. This change was predicated on the decision of CSAC-EIA to restructure their by-laws and JPA agreements discontinuing the operation of CPEIA and allowing its members to become full participants in the CSAC-EIA programs. Being a CPEIA member granted automatic approval of inclusion into both the Primary and Excess EIA workers' compensation programs beginning with the July 1, 2007 policy renewals. The relationship between the Group and CSAC-EIA ("JPA") is such that CSAC-EIA is not a component unit of the Group for reporting purposes. On June 30, 2020 CSAC-EIA became Public Risk Innovation, Solutions, and Management ("PRISM").

PRISM is a joint powers agency (JPA) formed pursuant to Section 6500 et seq. of the California Government Code. Members are assessed a contribution for each program in which they participate. Members may be subject to additional supplemental assessments if it is determined that the contributions are insufficient. Members may withdraw from the PRISM only at the end of a policy period and only if a sixty day written advance notice is given. However, PRISM may cancel a membership at any time upon a two-thirds vote of the Board of Directors and with sixty days written notice. Upon withdrawal or cancellation, a member shall remain liable for additional assessments for the program periods they have participated. PRISM is governed by a board of directors. The Board controls the operations of PRISM, including adopting an annual budget.

B. Primary Workers' Compensation

The Primary Workers' Compensation program is a full service program including claims administration. The program blends pooling of workers' compensation claims with a purchased stop loss insurance policy.

C. Excess Workers' Compensation

PRISM retains responsibility for payment of claims in excess of \$125,000 for each member who also participates in the primary workers' compensation program. Claim liabilities are recognized based on the actuarial estimate of expected ultimate claim cost discounted at 6%.

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

D. Liability Insurance

The District has joined the Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority, a joint powers authority (JPA) with other California special districts as members. The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for reporting purposes. The Authority, as administrator, maintains general liability insurance for its members. The purpose of the joint protection program is to reduce the amount and frequency of their losses, pool their self-insured losses, and jointly purchase general liability insurance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, FAIRA maintained a fully-insured program.

Insurance coverage as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		De	ductible	 Limit
Property				
	Property (building and contents)	\$	5,000	\$ 10,000,000
	Automobile physical damage	\$	1,000	\$ 1,000,000
Liability				
	Comprehensive general and automobile			
	bodily injury, property damage, person			
	injury, single limit	\$	1,000	\$ 1,000,000
	General liability - each		None	\$ 1,000,000
	General liability - aggregate			\$ 10,000,000

NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable consist of the following items as of June 30:

	2023		2022
Operations			
Other	\$ 2,910	\$	3,130
	\$ 2,910	\$	3,130

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL LEASE

On March 17, 2021, the District entered into a capital lease agreement in the amount of \$646,708 with Community First National Bank to acquire one pierce enforcer pumper. The District agreed to pay the lease starting on May 17, 2022, with annual payments of \$102,446, which includes interest for seven years. The lease was paid off in full during the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL LEASE (Continued)

The District's lease activity for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, are as follows:

Direct Borrowing:	Balance at June 30, 2022 Retirement		Balance at June 30, 2023		Due Within One Year		Due in More Than One Year			
Equipment Lease	\$	563,456	\$	563,456	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
Direct Borrowing:	Balance at ng: June 30, 2021		R	etirement	_	alance at le 30, 2022	20	e Within ne Year		ie in More n One Year
Equipment Lease	\$	646,708	\$	83,252	\$	563,456	\$	88,112	\$	475,344

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provision under the Plans are established by State statue and the District's resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

B. Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basis Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Safety Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013
Benefits formula	2% @ 50
Benefits vesting schedule	5 years' service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.00%
Required employee contributions rates	9.00%
Required employer contribution rates	0.00%

June 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability in the amount of \$266,969.

С. **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District's total contributions to the Plan were \$0.

D. Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

			Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pensio	on Pla	Plan Fiduciary Net		let Pension		
	Liability		Position (b)		bility/(Asset)		
	(a)				(a) = (a) - (b)		
Balance at: 6/30/21 (MD)	\$ 5,601.	151 \$	6,351,701	\$	(750,550)		
Balance at: 6/30/22 (MD)	5,682,	598	5,415,629		266,969		
Net Changes during 2021-22	\$ (81,	447) \$	936,072	\$	(1,017,519)		

E. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,078,812. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$16,964 which represents pension contribution made subsequent to measurement date.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), total pension liability was determined by rolling forward following the June 30, 2021 total pension liability. The June 30, 2021 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table ¹	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit	The lesser of contract COLA or 2.50% until Purchasing Power
Increase	Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes generated mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 80% of Scale MP 2020. For more details on this this table, please refer to the November 2021 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 2001 to 2019) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of a November 2021 actuarial experience study for the period 2001 to 2019. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

G. **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for the Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a buildingblock approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 basis points.

The expected real rate of return by asset class are as follow.

Asset Class ¹	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real return ^{1,2}
Global Equity- Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity- Non-Cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%

¹An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

²Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Н. **Changes of Assumptions**

Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate		Current Discount		Discount Rate	
	-1% (5.90%)		Rate (6.90%)		+1% (7.90%)	
Plan's Net Pension						
Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,051,727	\$	266,969	\$	(374,393)

J. **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in the District's CalPERS GASB Statement No. 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the District's CalPERS funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense included in fiduciary net position. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the District's funding actuarial valuation. In additions, differences may result from early CAFR closing and final reconciled reserves.

Measurement period; June 30, 2021	Safety
Total pension liability	\$5,682,598
Fiduciary net position	\$5,415,629
Net pension liability	\$266,969

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Ground lease

The District leases the real property on which the District's fire station is located. During the year ended June 30, 2003, the District constructed a new fire station and entered into a ground lease. The ground lease is for 50 years, rent is payable in one \$50 payment, due upon commencement of the lease.

Required Supplemental Information

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Amended Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Property taxes				
Current secured	\$ 2,089,940	\$ 2,089,940	\$ 2,080,689	\$ 9,251
Current unsecured	36,000	36,000	38,139	(2,139)
Prior year - unsecured	2,300	2,300	3,812	(1,512)
Penalties for delinquent taxed	-	-	538	(538)
Current supplemental	1,000	1,000	49,232	(48,232)
Prior year - supplemental	-	-	3,225	(3,225)
Total property taxed	2,129,240	2,129,240	2,175,635	(46,395)
Other taxes				
Fire suppression benefit assessment	141,400	141,400	140,417	983
Total other taxes	141,400	141,400	140,417	983
Use of money and property				
Interest	6,000	6,000	16,601	(10,601)
Total use of money and property	6,000	6,000	16,601	(10,601)
Aid from other government agencies				
Homeowner property tax relief	10,200	10,200	9,942	258
Total aid from other government agencies	10,200	10,200	9,942	258
Charges for current services				
Plan checking fees	25,000	25,000	39,378	(14,378)
Fire protection services	500	500	57,570	500
Total charges for current services	25,500	25,500	39,378	(13,878)
01				
Other revenue	72 000	72 000	76 151	(2, 1, 5, 1)
Other revenue	73,000 73,000	73,000 73,000	76,151 76,151	(3,151)
Unclaimed money - escheated Total other revenue	/3,000	/3,000	/0,131	(3,151)
Total Revenue	\$ 2,385,340	\$ 2,385,340	\$ 2,458,124	\$ (72,784)

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Amended Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures				
Salaries and employee benefits OASDI - Social Security PERS Workers' compensation insurance Total salaries and employee benefits	\$ 120 17,350 <u>1,400</u> 18,870	17,350 1,400	\$ 138 17,314 1,000 18,452	
Services and supplies			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Clothing and personal supplies	20,000	20,000	582	19,418
Radio	5,500		5,370	130
Telephone	5,000		5,580	(580)
Food	1,000		319	681
Other household expense - services	2,500		3,697	(1,197)
Other insurance	16,000		15,836	164
Maintenance - mobile equipment Maintenance - other equipment	90,000 7,700		69,959 5,841	20,041 1,859
Maintenance - structure and grounds	3,400		2,323	1,077
Medical, dental and lab supplies	5,400		6,415	(1,015)
Memberships	2,500		2,000	500
PC software	500		160	340
Postage	500		219	281
Supplies	1,700	1,700	1,349	351
Accounting and auditing fees	33,500	33,500	30,189	3,311
Attorney	3,000	3,000	231	2,769
Directors' fee	5,000		1,800	3,200
Professional services	2,261,000		1,876,638	384,362
Publication printing costs	2,000		-	2,000
Legal notices	500		238	262
Small tools and instruments	2,120		48,715	(46,595)
Election expense	11,000 47,500		125	10,875
Special district expense Education and training	47,300	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,100	47,500
Gas, oil and fuel	1,500		15,482	(600) (2,482)
Lodging	1,500		15,462	1,500
Utilities	13,000		15,299	(2,299)
Total services and supplies	2,556,320		2,110,467	445,853
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Fixed assets Buildings and improvements Equipment	14,000	14,000	13,392	608
Mobile equipment	668,000	668,000	77,120	590,880
Total fixed assets	682,000		90,512	591,488
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Other charges			5(2,45)	(5(2) 45()
Debt service - principal	-	-	563,456	(563,456)
Debt service - interest	-	- 200	23,841	(23,841)
Interest - other	300 100,000		- 5 700	300
Appropriation for contingencies Contribution to other agencies (LAFCO)	2,600		5,700 2,373	94,300 227
Total other charges	102,900		595,370	(492,470)
	102,900	102,900		(1)2,170)
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,360,090	\$ 3,360,090	\$ 2,814,801	\$ 545,289
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ (12,000)	\$ 24,000

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Amended Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues					
Use of money and property Interest	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 16,552	\$ (12,552)	
Total revenues	4,000	4,000	16,552	(12,552)	
Expenditures					
Fixed assets Buildings and improvements Mobile Equipment Total expenditures	100,000 243,391 343,391	100,000 243,391 343,391		100,000 243,391 343,391	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer to general fund	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 12,000	\$ (12,000)	

PAJARO VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

Last 10 Years *

Fiscal year	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	
Measurement period	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	
Entity's proportion of net pension liability (asset) Entity's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) Entity's covered-employee payroll (Measurement Year)	0.00231% \$ 266,969	-0.01388% \$ (750,550) -	0.00662% \$ 720,556 -	0.00566% \$ 580,307 -	
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability	76.68%	88.29%	75.10%	75.26%	
Proportionate share of the aggregate employer contributions	\$ 361,307	\$ 339,342	\$ 181,293	\$ 192,970	
Fiscal year	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Measurement period	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
Entity's proportion of net pension liability (asset) Entity's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) Entity's covered-employee payroll (Measurement Year)	0.00509% \$ 490,478 -	0.00495% \$ 491,006 -	0.00426% \$ 368,852	0.025896% \$ 59,480 -	0.203% \$ (126,121) -
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability	75.26%	73.31%	74.06%	102.66%	78.40%
Proportionate share of the aggregate employer contributions	\$ 201,574	\$ 158,988	s -	\$-	\$ -

Notes to Schedule:

* Fiscal year 2014-15 was the first year of implementation. Additional years presented as they become available.

Schedule of Contributions June 30, 2023 Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Actuarially Determined Contribution	2023 \$ 16,964	2022 \$ 78,257	2021 \$ 693,964	2020 \$ 56,803	
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(16,964)	(78,257)	(693,964)	(56,803)	
Covered Payroll	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	Ψ N/A	↓ N/A	Φ N/A	ψ N/A	
*Fiscal year 2014-15 was the first year of implementation. Additional years presented as they become available.					
Fiscal Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 25,267	\$ 26,182	\$ 18,513	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	(25,267)	(26,182)	(18,513)	_	_
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*Fiscal year 2014-15 was the first year of implementation. Additional years presented as they become available.